Indigenous Peoples of Canada

Joan Acosta

bestofthereader.ca

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Welcome

This e-book is part of a series called Best of The Reader. The stories in the e-books are from *The Westcoast Reader*. It is a newspaper for adults who are improving their English reading skills.

To the reader

✔ You can use this book in a classroom, with a tutor, or on your own.

✔ Each story has exercises to go with it. These exercises can help you improve your English and reading skills.

✔ You can check your answers at the end of the book.

Three reading levels

There are three reading levels in this book. Here are the symbols for each level:

Level 1

Level 2

Level 3

To the teacher

Learners can read the articles and do the exercises individually, in pairs, or in groups.

The topics can be explored further through discussion or follow-up activities.

Teachers' Guide
The Teachers' Guide on this website has ideas on how to use the e-books with students.

Acknowledgements

The author gratefully acknowledges the financial support of Capilano University for this project.

A special thank you to the learners and teachers who helped choose the articles for this book.

All of the material in this book first appeared in *The Westcoast Reader* (1982 to 2009). Some of the articles have been updated. Most of the exercises and activities for learners are based on material from *The Westcoast Reader* Teachers' Notes (1982 to 2009).

Credits

Photos
Front cover—Aglukark, Point, Prince family, whorl: *The Vancouver Sun*; Cheechoo: Ivan Makarov

Page 5: Aglukark: *The Vancouver Sun*; sign: Sebastien Lapointe; Page 7: Ivan Makarov; Page 8: Canada Post; Page 9: dancer, drummers: *The Vancouver Sun*, dreamcatcher: iStock ©redcouchphoto, moccasins, basket: Chuck Heath; Page 11: Inuit Tuttarvingat; Page 13: *The Vancouver Sun*; Page 14: SAPLN; Page 16: *The Vancouver Sun*; Page 18: *The Vancouver Sun*; Page 19: David Porter; Page 21: *The Vancouver Sun*; Page 24 — stamp: Canada Post, roadside loonie: CAA; Page 25— hat, icefield: Sarah Gaunt (CAFN), hand tool: Yukon Govt Heritage Branch, scientists: Royal BC Museum; Page 26: *Victoria Times Colonist*; 28, 29: Point: *The Vancouver Sun,* spindle whorl: (Salish, wood, 8.58 in., The Menil Collection, Photo: Hickey Robertson, Houston); Page 31: *The Vancouver Sun*

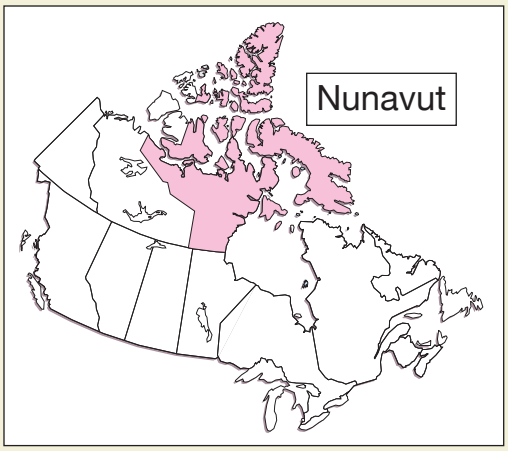
Illustrations
Pages 5, 7 (map, pond), 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16, 23 and (small loon), 25: Guy Parsons; Page 7: (logo) Moose Cree First Nation; Pages 22, 24 (coin), 25: Nola Johnston; Page 21, 25 (map): iStockphoto ©professorphotoshop; Page 23: big loon: Norma Abrahams

Susan Aglukark

Susan Aglukark is a singer.
She grew up in Nunavut.
Susan sings
in English and Inuktitut.
She has won many awards
for her music.

Did you know?

- Nunavut is a territory of Canada.



- About 80 percent of the people in Nunavut are Inuit.
- Most Inuit speak Inuktitut.

A stop sign in Inuktitut and English

How do you say it?

Aglukark (say: ah-GLEW-kark)
Nunavut (say: NEW-nah-voot)
Inuktitut (say: in-NOOK-ti-toot
Inuit (say: IN-you-it)

The Westcoast Reader 5/1995

Is it a or b?

Circle the correct answers.

1. Susan Aglukark is a ___.
   a. singer
   b. nurse

2. Susan grew up in ___.
   a. Yukon
   b. Nunavut

3. Susan sings in English and ___.
   a. Portuguese
   b. Inuktitut

4. Susan has ___ many awards.
   a. won
   b. sold

5. ___ is a territory of Canada.
   a. Ontario
   b. Nunavut

6. Most people in Nunavut are ___
   a. Haida
   b. Inuit

Canada

Here is a list of Canada's 10 provinces and three territories. Fill in the missing (capital) letters.

Provinces

1. _A_lberta

2. __ritish __olumbia

3. __anitoba

4. __ew __runswick

5. __ewfoundland and __abrador

6. __ova __cotia

7. __ntario

8. __rince __dward __sland

9. __uebec

10. __askatchewan

Territories

1. __orthwest __erritories

2. __unavut

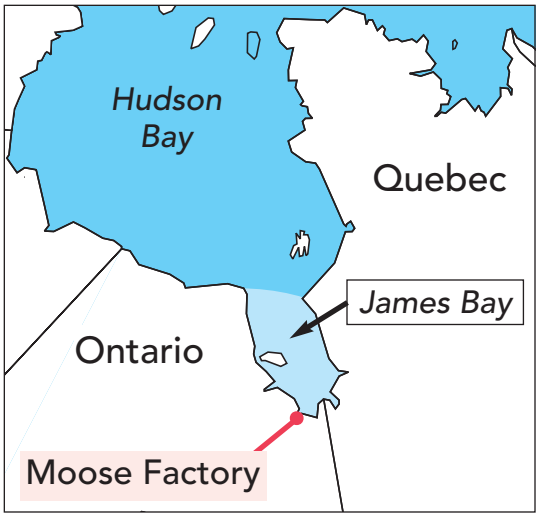
3. __ukon

Jonathan Cheechoo

Jonathan Cheechoo played for the San Jose Sharks hockey team for seven years.

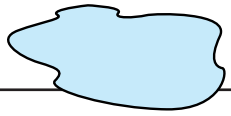
Jonathan Cheechoo
is a hockey player.
He has played for two teams
in the National Hockey League
(NHL).

Jonathan is from Ontario.
He is from
the Moose Cree First Nation.



Jonathan Cheechoo
was born in Moose Factory.
It is a small community
on James Bay.

The weather in Moose Factory
is very cold in the winter.
Jonathan learned to skate
on a frozen pond.



Finish the chart

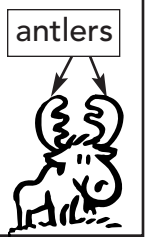
Write the singular or plural for each word.

Singular	Plural
1. moose	moose
2.	beavers
3. mouse	
4. bird	
5.	sheep
6. tiger	
7. goose	

Singular	Plural
8. fox	
9.	deer
10. salmon	
11. monkey	
12.	wolves
13. cow	
14. calf	

Moose

- Moose live in most parts of Canada.
- In the summer, moose live near lakes and marshes. They eat water plants.
- An adult male moose is about two metres high.
- Male moose have antlers.



National Indigenous Peoples Day

National Indigenous Peoples Day
is on June 21.
Many communities
have special events.
For example,
some communities
have pow wows.

What can you do at a pow wow?

- Watch dancers.

- Listen to music.

- Buy crafts.

dreamcatchers

moccasins

baskets

Finish the words and match

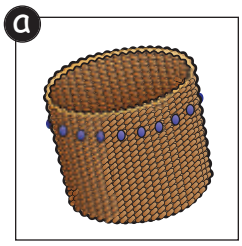
Fill in the missing letters to make a word.
Then match the word to the correct drawing.

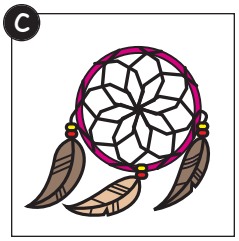
1. (d) d r u m

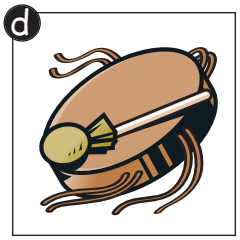
2. ( ) d_ _ _ _c_ _ _ _ _r

3. ( ) _ o_ _ _ s_ _ _

4. ( ) _a_ _ _t







Another special day in June

Fill in the blanks with the correct words from the boxes.

Father's Day

Father's Day is the _____

Sunday in _____.

It is a _____day

for_____.

special third dads June

Special days and holidays

Fill in the blanks with the correct numbers.

1. Valentine's Day is February ____.
2. Halloween is October ____.
3. St. Patrick's Day is March ____.
4. Earth Day is April ____.
5. Canada Day is July ____.
6. Christmas is December ____.

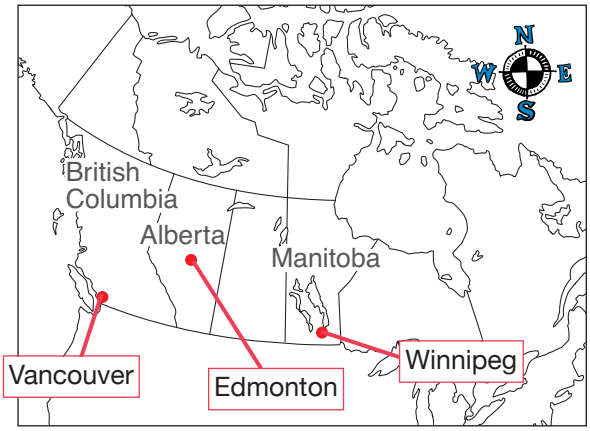
1	17	31
25	14	22

Indigenous population of Canada

There was a census in 2016. The census counted the number of people in Canada.

Here is some information about the Indigenous peoples of Canada from the census.

- Canada has about 1.6 million Indigenous people.
- 62 percent of Indigenous people in Canada live in or near big cities.
- Winnipeg, Edmonton, and Vancouver have the largest number of Indigenous people.



- There are more than 70 Indigenous languages in Canada.

Many Inuit speak Inuktitut.

The Westcoast Reader 4/2008 • Update 2017 • Source: Statistics Canada

There are three main groups of Indigenous peoples in Canada:

- First Nations
- Métis (say: MAY-tee)
- Inuit (say: IN-you-it)

First Nations

First Nations people have lived in Canada for thousands of years. They have different languages, cultures, and spiritual beliefs.

There are more than 600 First Nations communities (sometimes called Indian bands) in Canada. For example, the Musqueam First Nation in Vancouver.

Métis

In the 1600s and 1700s, many French and Scottish men came to Canada as fur traders. Some of these men had children with First Nations women. Their children were called Métis. Over time, groups of Métis developed their own language and culture.

Inuit

Most Inuit live in small communities in Nunavut and northern Quebec. Hunting and fishing are an important part of Inuit life and culture.

Source: *First People: A Guide for Newcomers,* City of Vancouver

Look at the map

Look at the map of Canada on page 11. Then answer the questions.

1. Which city is farthest east?
   a. Edmonton
   b. Winnipeg
   c. Vancouver

2. Which city is farthest north?
   a. Edmonton
   b. Winnipeg
   c. Vancouver

3. Which province is next to BC?
   a. Manitoba
   b. Alberta
   c. Ontario

4. Which city is farthest west?
   a. Edmonton
   b. Winnipeg
   c. Vancouver

True or false

Write T if the sentence is true. Write F if the sentence is false (not true).

1. There are more than 70 Indigenous languages in Canada. ____

2. First Nations, Métis, and Inuit are Indigenous peoples. ____

3. Winnipeg is in Alberta. ____

4. Most Inuit live in Nunavut and northern Quebec. ____

5. A large number of Indigenous people live in Victoria. ____

6. Inuktitut is one of Canada's Indigenous languages. ____

7. There was a census in Canada in 2016. ____

8. Canada has more than 16,000 First Nations communities. ____

9. In 2016, more than half of Indigenous people in Canada lived in or near big cities. ____

Dad and kids go back to school

Evan, Rae-Anne, and Nick Prince all started school in September.

Evan is seven years old. Rae-Anne is six. They are both in elementary school.

Nick is the children's father. He is 29 years old. He is also in school. He is taking adult literacy classes.

Hard to go back

Nick grew up on a First Nations reserve in northern British Columbia. He dropped out of school in Grade 8.

Nick hopes he can improve his reading. He says, "I want to be able to read with Rae-Anne and Evan."

The Westcoast Reader 2004 • Adapted from *The Vancouver Sun*

Libraries are a good place to learn

Adults

Public libraries are a good place for adults to read, study, and use computers.

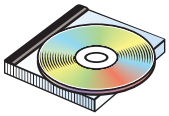
Library card

You need a library card if you want to borrow things from the library. Find out how to get a card at the information desk.

What can you borrow?

You can borrow many things from a library. For example:

- ✔ books
- ✔ magazines
- ✔ movie DVDs
- ✔ music CDs
- ✔ audio books on CDs



■ You can also use a computer at most libraries.

Children

Children love to go to the library. You need a library card if you want to borrow things for your children.

Books

Libraries have many books for babies, toddlers, young children, and teenagers. Some libraries have books for children in other languages.

CDs and movies

Libraries have music CDs and movie DVDs for children.

Activities

Many libraries have activities for children. For example:

- ✔ story time
- ✔ reading clubs
- ✔ crafts

Answer the questions

Write your answers on the lines.

1. Who are Nick Prince's children?

_____

2. Where did Nick grow up?

_____

3. When did Nick drop out of school?

_____

4. What kind of classes is Nick taking?

_____

5. Why does Nick want to improve his reading?

_____

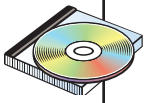
Fill in the blanks

Fill in the blanks to finish the words.

1. ___ ___ g___ ___ ___ n___

2. c___ ___ p___ ___ ___ ___

3. ___ ___ o___

4. ___ u___ ___ c ___ D 

A Haida legend

One day, Raven was walking along the beach. He saw a huge clamshell on the sand.

Suddenly, a small head came out of the shell.

Raven saw the head and said, "Come out. Don't be afraid. I will not hurt you."

Soon more heads came out of the clamshell.

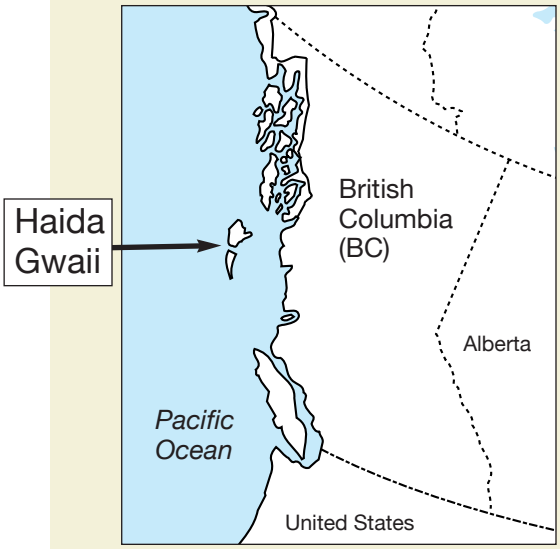
Raven shouted, "Come out! Come out!"

The creatures were afraid. But they were also curious. Slowly, they climbed out of the shell.

The creatures had two legs. They had round heads. They had brown skin and long black hair.

Who were they? They were the first Haida in the world.

Most Haida live on a group of islands called Haida Gwaii (say: high-dah gwhy). It means "islands of the people" in the Haida language.

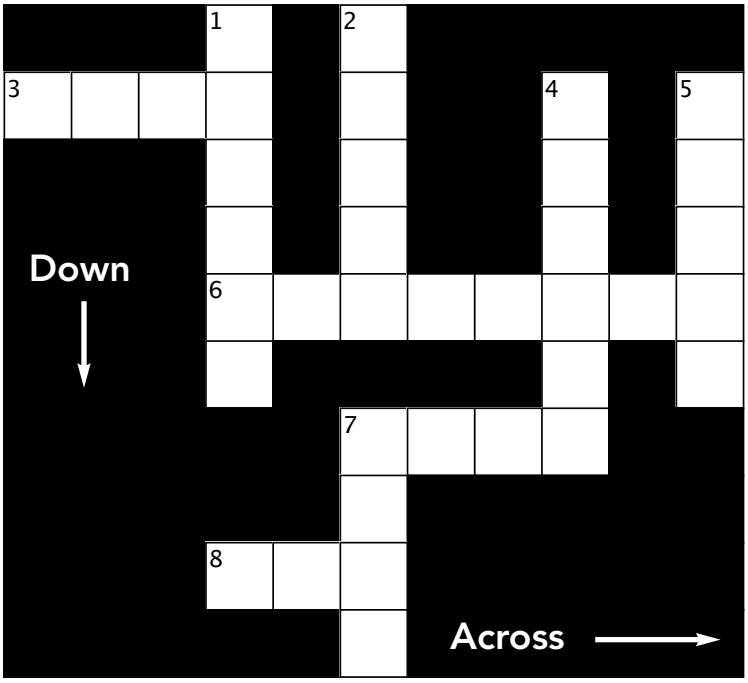


In 2009, the BC government changed the name of the islands from Queen Charlotte Islands to Haida Gwaii.

This sculpture by Haida artist Bill Reid is called "Raven and the First Men."

The Westcoast Reader 5/1986

Crossword



Across

3. Very big
6. English is a ___.
7. Most beaches have it
8. One, ___, three

Down

1. More than one person
2. Colour of coffee
4. Another word for scared
5. A large black bird
7. Opposite of fast

Which words do not belong?

Cross out the words in each box that do not belong.

1

clams	waves	shells
curious	**ocean**	fish
sand	salty	sculpture

2

afraid	guilty	angry
hair	**feelings**	shells
thankful	sand	relaxed

3

raven	legs	head
nose	**body**	island
sand	skin	hair
		climbed

4

raven	salmon	spider
robin	**birds**	goose
snake	crow	loon
		bear

More than just cooking

Moses Stewart is a cook at the Kla-how-eya Aboriginal Centre.

Moses Stewart is 55 years old. He is from a small Nisga'a village in northern British Columbia.

A few years ago, Moses moved to Vancouver. He wanted to get a job as a cook.

Cooking program

Moses got into the cooking program at the Kla-how-eya Aboriginal Centre in Surrey. It is a program for Aboriginal and low-income people.

Math and reading skills

Moses learned the basics of cooking in the program. He also improved his reading and math skills. He says, "For most of my life I couldn't read very well. Now I love reading. I love doing math."

Moses graduated from the cooking program. Now he has a full-time job as a cook at Kla-how-eya.

The Westcoast Reader 11/2008 • Adapted from *The Vancouver Sun*

Tangy chicken

You will need

6 chicken legs or 12 wings

1 cup (250 mL) honey

1/2 cup (125 mL) soy sauce

1/4 cup (50 mL) Dijon mustard

The night before

1. Put the chicken legs in a large dish.

2. In a bowl, mix together honey, soy sauce, and mustard.

3. Pour the mixture over the chicken.

4. Cover the bowl with plastic wrap. Leave in the fridge overnight.

The next day

1. Preheat the oven to 375° F (190° C).

2. Put the chicken and the mixture in a large baking pan.

3. Cook for 30 to 35 minutes. Take the pan out of the oven every 10 minutes. Turn over each leg and put the pan back in the oven.

The Westcoast Reader 3/2008 • Recipe submitted by Josie Espiritu

What word is missing?

Write the missing word in each sentence.

1. Moses is northern British Columbia. _____
2. A few ago he moved to Vancouver. _____
3. He wanted to get a job a cook. _____
4. Moses got into a cooking. _____
5. He the basics of cooking. _____

Finish the sentences

Use the words in the boxes to finish the sentences. You can use words more than once.

1. _____ the chicken legs in a large dish.
2. In a bowl, _____ together honey, soy sauce, and mustard.
3. _____ the mixture over the chicken.
4. _____ the bowl with plastic wrap.
5. _____ in the fridge overnight.
6. _____ the oven to 375° F (190° C).
7. _____ the chicken and mixture in a baking dish.
8. _____ for 30 to 35 minutes.

Cover

Pour

Preheat

Cook

Put

mix

Leave

Small business is a big success

Ellen displays packages of her smoked salmon.

> "I learned how to smoke salmon from my mother."
> — Ellen

Ellen Melcosky has a successful small business. Her company sells smoked salmon. The company is called Little Miss Chief.

Lived off the land

Ellen grew up near Williams Lake, BC. She had six brothers and a sister. Her family lived off the land. They hunted, fished, gathered berries, and grew their own vegetables.

Learned traditions

Ellen learned many First Nations traditions as a child. For example, she learned from her mother how to smoke salmon.

Smoked salmon at home

Ellen married and moved to Kelowna. She began to smoke salmon in her backyard. She gave the salmon to her family and friends.

Started her own business

Ellen began to package her smoked salmon. She sold the salmon to shops in Kelowna.

In 1995, she decided to start her own business.

Today, Little Miss Chief smoked salmon is popular in Canada and many other countries.

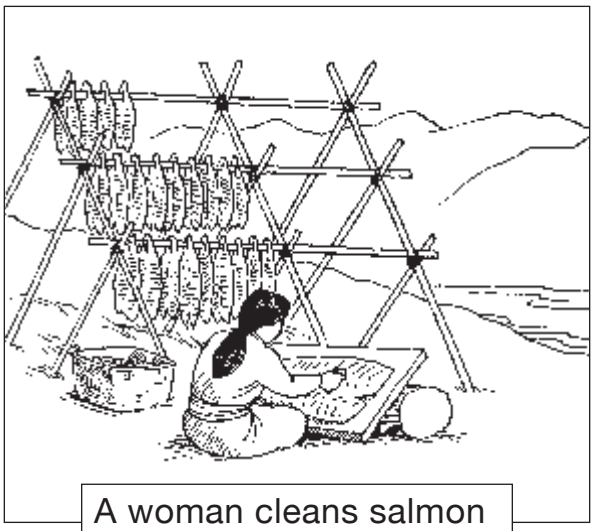
The Westcoast Reader 11/2002 • Adapted from *The Vancouver Sun*

A First Nations tradition

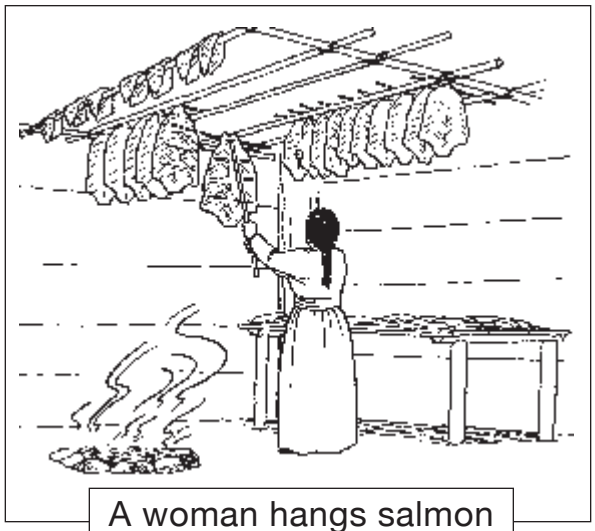
Salmon has always been an important food for the First Nations people of BC.

In the past, many First Nations families spent several weeks every year catching salmon. They dried and smoked some of the fish to eat in the winter.

Drying and smoking salmon in the 1800s



A woman cleans salmon and hangs them to dry.



A woman hangs salmon in a smokehouse.

Traditions

Ellen learned many traditions from her mother.

- **Does your family have any traditions?**
- **Write about a family tradition on the lines.**

A Northwest Coast legend

How loons came into the world

Read the story on the left and the phrases on the right. The phrases are from the story. Where do they fit? Write the correct letters on the blanks.

A long time ago, a woman was digging for (1) ___. Her two children (2) ___ in the water near her.

Children swim into deep water

Soon the children (3) ___ deep water. The mother saw them and shouted, "Come back. The (4) ___ out there."

The children laughed at their mother and swam into (5)___. The mother was scared. She began to cry.

Great Spirit punishes children

The Great Spirit was watching. He did not like the way (6)___ their mother. He punished the children (7) ___.

This is the sad story of how loons (8)___.

a. the children disobeyed

b. began to swim into

c. even deeper water

d. clams on the beach

e. came into the world

f. water is too deep

g. were splashing and swimming

h. by turning them into loons

The Westcoast Reader 11/2005 • Submitted by Billy Joseph

Loons

Loons are water birds. They live on lakes in many areas of Canada.

Loons have an unusual cry. Some people think their cry sounds like a person laughing.

■ Canada's one dollar coin has a loon on it. People call the coin a "loonie."

■ Canada has many roadside attractions. One of these is in Ontario. It is a huge loonie.

Find the words

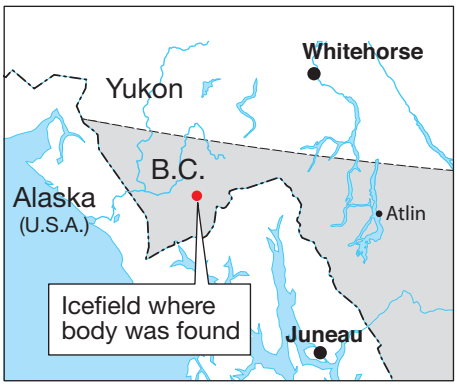
These expressions all have animals in them. Fill in the blanks. Then find the animals in the puzzle.

1. Blind as a _____
2. Work like a _____
3. Fat as a _____
4. Strong as an _____
5. Busy as a _____
6. Gentle as a _____
7. Stubborn as a _____
8. Quiet as a _____
9. Free as a _____
10. Happy as a _____

b	e	e	l	a	m	b
b	c	l	a	m	m	t
i	i	b	x	m	o	q
r	p	a	o	u	u	n
d	n	t	x	l	s	a
p	i	g	k	e	e	u
c	a	g	d	o	g	a

Scientists study frozen body

In 1999, three men were hunting Dall sheep in northern British Columbia. The hunters found a frozen body in an icefield.



Scientists studied the body

Scientists took the frozen body to a laboratory. They studied the man's body, clothes, and tools.

Scientists study the ancient hunter's clothes.

What did the scientists find out?

✔ The man was an Indigenous hunter. He was about 18 or 19 years old when he died.

✔ He died between 1670 and 1850 AD.

✔ The ancient hunter was wearing:

- a robe made from squirrel skins
- a hat made from spruce roots

✔ He carried a walking stick, a knife, and a spear thrower.

Traditional funeral

After the scientists finished studying the ancient hunter, there was a traditional funeral ceremony. His ashes were returned to the icefield where the hunters found him.

Hunters found the frozen body in this icefield.

☞ **More on page 26**

The Westcoast Reader 9/2008 • Adapted from *The Vancouver Sun* with assistance from the Royal BC Museum

Finding the ancient hunter's relatives

Scientists wanted to find living relatives of the ancient man. They took blood samples from 250 Indigenous communities in northern British Columbia, Yukon, and Alaska. They found 17 relatives.

Relatives in Yukon

Pearl Callaghan and Sheila Clark are sisters. They live in Yukon. They found out they are related to the ancient hunter. Pearl says, "It's very exciting for our family to learn about our history."

Pearl Callaghan (left) and Sheila Clark learned about their history.

The Westcoast Reader 9/2008 • Adapted from *The Province*

Blood

Unscramble the letters to make a word. All the words go with "blood."

1. blood sample pesalm
2. blood _____ pety
3. blood _____ veetlair
4. blood _____ torehrb
5. blood _____ sersepur
6. dba _____ blood
7. enw _____ blood
8. In dloc _____ blood

Did you know?

- About 30,000 people live in Yukon.
- About 7,580 people in Yukon are Indigenous (First Nations, Métis, or Inuit).
- There are eight Indigenous language groups in Yukon.

Statistics Canada, 2006 Census

Is it a, b, or c?

Circle a, b, or c to finish the sentences.

1. Three men were hunting ____ in northern B.C. in 1999.
   a. grizzly bears b. Arctic foxes c. Dall sheep

2. The hunters found a frozen body in ____.
   a. an icefield b. a cave c. a lake

3. Scientists took the frozen body to a ____.
   a. hospital b. university c. laboratory

4. They found that the ancient hunter ____ a robe made from squirrel skins.
   a. was wrapped in b. was wearing c. was holding

5. The ancient hunter carried a walking stick, ____, and a spear thrower.
   a. a knife b. an arrow c. an axe

6. The frozen man's ____ were taken back to the icefield and buried.
   a. clothes b. tools c. ashes

Match

Write the correct letters on the lines.

1. blood _d_	a. ceremony
2. spruce ___	b. thrower
3. funeral ___	c. roots
4. walking ___	d. samples
5. spear ___	e. skins
6. squirrel ___	f. stick

Missing vowels

Add the missing vowels (a, e, i, o, u) to finish each word. All the words are on page 25.

1. D__ll	6. __nc__ __nt
2. sq __ __ rr__l	7. p__ __ch
3. sp__ __r	8. spr __ c__
4. f__ n__r__l	9. fr__ z__n
5. b__tw__ __n	10. sh__ __ p

Susan Point is a Coast Salish artist

Susan Point uses a knife to carve a large cedar log.

Susan Point is a Coast Salish artist. She lives in Vancouver on the Musqueam First Nation reserve.

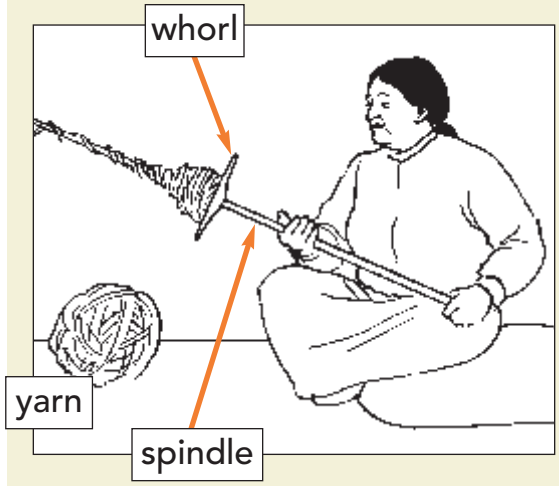
Started to make jewellery

In 1981, Susan started to make bracelets, pendants, and earrings. She carved Coast Salish designs on the jewellery.

Studied Coast Salish art

Susan studied the art of her ancestors. She became interested in the designs on spindle whorls.

Spindle whorls



In the past, Coast Salish women used spindle whorls to spin wool into yarn.

The whorls were flat discs made of wood. They often had beautful designs carved on them.

A spindle whorl

How do you say it?

Musqueam (say: MUSS-quee-um)

Salish (say: SAY-lish)

Different materials

Susan uses different materials in her art. For example, wood, paper, brass, and glass. She often uses the shape of a spindle whorl in her art.

Susan uses frog designs in her art.

Art in many cities

Many of Susan's carvings are large. Her art is in buildings in Vancouver, Seattle, and Washington, D.C.

You can see one of her carvings at the Vancouver International Airport.

Susan's carving at the airport is six metres wide.

More of Susan's art

Stained glass windows in a church in Vancouver

Welcome arches in Stanley Park

You can see more of Susan Point's art at <www.susanpoint.com>

The Westcoast Reader 5/2007 • Adapted from *The Vancouver Sun*

Finish the sentences

Draw a line under the correct word to finish each sentence.

1. Susan Point lives in Vancouver / Victoria.
2. She started to make clothing / jewellery in 1981.
3. Susan uses wood, paper, brass, and glass / wool in her art.
4. The Squamish / Musqueam First Nation reserve is in Vancouver.
5. Coast Salish women used spindle whorls to spin wool / silk.
6. Susan Point's art is in buildings in Vancouver and Seattle / Edmonton.

Which word does not belong?

Read the words in each row. First, cross out the word that does not belong. Then write the reason that it does not belong. Finally, write a new word that does belong.

1. bracelet shoe pendant earring

Reason: _____

New word: _____

2. cedar oak maple tulip

Reason: _____

New word: _____

3. circle brass square triangle

Reason: _____

New word: _____

4. tiger artist teacher nurse

Reason: _____

New word: _____

5. metres litres grams inches

Reason: _____

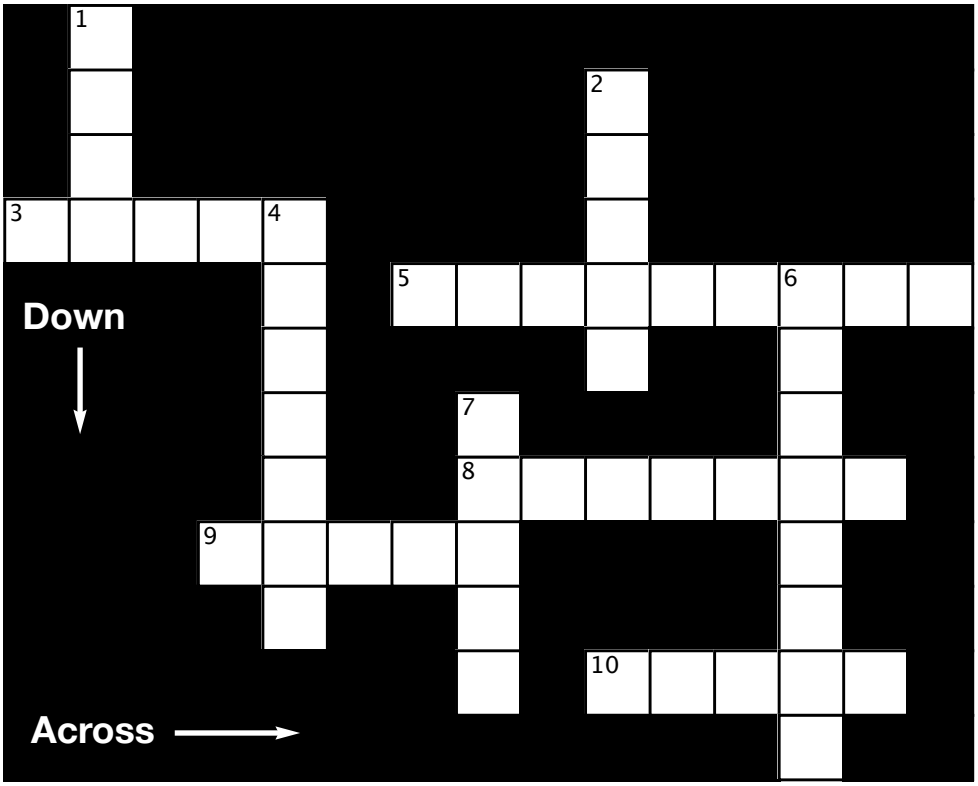
New word: _____

6. knife spoon disc fork

Reason: _____

New word: _____

Crossword



Across

3. A _ _ _ _ _ of water
5. Opposite of same
8. Planes land here
9. A type of tree
10. Another word for big

Down

1. A sheep's curly hair
2. You cut with it
4. Past tense of study
6. Jewellery for ears
7. Opposite of late

"The task of my generation is to remember all that was taught, and pass that knowledge and wisdom on to our children."

— Susan Point

Find it

Look through this e-book to find these. Each one is part of a larger picture. Write the title of the story that goes with each one.

1

2

3

4

5

6

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

Answers for exercises

Is it a or b? (p 6)
1a 2b 3b 4a 5b 6b

Canada (p 6)
Provinces: 1. Alberta 2. British Columbia
3. Manitoba 4. New Brunswick
5. Newfoundland and Labrador
6. Nova Scotia 7. Ontario
8. Prince Edward Island 9. Quebec
10. Saskatchewan
Territories: 1. Northwest Territories
2. Nunavut 3. Yukon

Finish the chart (p 8)
1. moose
2. beaver
3. mice
4. birds
5. sheep
6. tigers
7. geese
8. foxes
9. deer
10. salmon
11. monkeys
12. wolf
13. cows
14. calves

Finish the words and match (p 10)
1. d — drum 2. c — dreamcatcher
3. b — moccasins 4. a — basket

Special days (p 10)
Father's Day
Father's Day is the third Sunday in June. It is a special day for dads.

Special days and holidays
1.14 2.31 3.17 4. 22 5.1 6.25

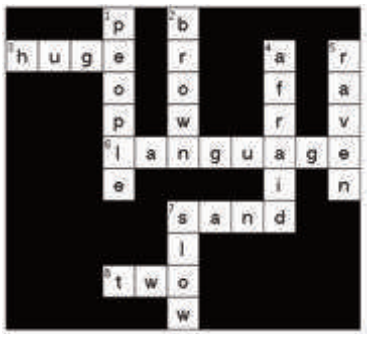
Look at the map (p 12)
1b 2a 3b 4c

True or false (p 12)
1F 2T 3F 4F 5T 6T 7T 8F 9T

Answer the questions (p 15)
Possible wording
1. Evan and Rae-Ann are Nick's children.
2. Nick grew up on a First Nations reserve.
3. Nick dropped out of school in Grade 8.
4. Nick is taking adult literacy classes.
5. Nick wants to be able to read with Rae-Ann and Evan.

Fill in the blanks (p 15)
1. magazine 2. computer
3. book 4. music CD

Crossword (p 17)



Which words do not belong? (p 17)
1. sculpture, curious 2. hair, shells, sand
3. raven, island, climbed, sand
4. salmon, spider, snake, bear

What word is missing? (p 20)
1. from 2. years 3. as 4. program 5. learned

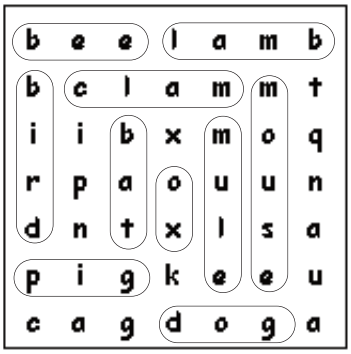
Finish the sentences (p 20)
1. Put 2. mix 3. Pour 4. Cover 5. Leave
6. Preheat 7. Put 8. Cook

How loons came into the world (p 23)
1d, 2g, 3b, 4f, 5c, 6a, 7h, 8e

Answers for exercises

Find the words (p 24)

1. bat 2. dog 3. pig 4. ox 5. bee 6. lamb
7. mule 8. mouse 9. bird 10. clam



Blood (p 26)

1. sample 2. type 3. relative
4. brother 5. pressure 6. bad
7. new 8. cold

Is it a, b, or c? (p 27)

1c 2a 3c 4b 5a 6c

Match (p 27)

1d 2c 3a 4f 5b 6e

Missing vowels (p 27)

1. Dall 2. squirrel 3. spear 4. funeral
5. between 6. ancient 7. pouch 8. spruce
9. frozen 10. sheep

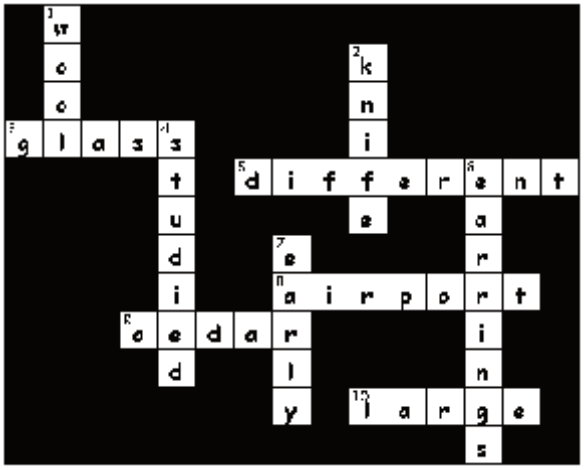
Finish the sentences (p 30)

1. Vancouver 2. jewellery 3. glass
4. Musqueam 5. wool 6. Seattle

Which word does not belong? (p 30)

1. shoe (It is not jewellery.)
2. tulip (It is not a tree.)
3. brass (It is not a shape.)
4. tiger (It is not a profession.)
5. inches (It is not a metric measurement.)
6. disc (It is not cutlery.)

Crossword (p 31)



Find it (p 32)

1. Small business is a big success
2. National Indigenous Peoples Day
3. More than just cooking
4. Susan Aglukark
5. Susan Point is a Coast Salish artist
6. Jonathan Cheechoo